

Calculation of Optical Properties with YAMBO

In this tutorial we are going to learn how to calculate the absorption spectra for 2D MoS₂ using the GW-BSE method implemented in [YAMBO](#). This calculation depends on previously calculated QP energies; therefore, we are going to run this calculation in the same directory as the [GW calculation](#).

In order to generate the input file for the GW-BSE calculation, apply the following command inside the “MoS2.save” directory.

```
$ ./yambo -o b -k sex -b -y h
```

[Options:](#)

-o b: the option -o is to select the type of optics calculation. Available options are b (optical properties in the eh-space with Bethe Salpeter equation), c (optical properties in G-space and results are similar to DFT level).

-k sex: the option -k is to select the type of correlation in the BSE calculation. The standard one is the Screened EXchange (SEX). Other options are Hartree-Fock (HF), Hartree, TD-LDA, and independent particles (IP).

-b: the option -b is to ask the code to construct the [BSE kernel](#) which is the second term of the two-particle Hamiltonian matrix elements. The kernel includes the sum of the electron-hole exchange part and the electron-hole attraction. The kernel both shifts and couples the quasiparticle energy differences.

-y h: the option -y is to select the [Bethe-Salpeter equation solver](#) to derive the macroscopic dielectric function including excitonic effects. The available options are h (Haydock recursive algorithm), d (diagonalization), and i (inversion solver).

The command above will generate the following input file (yambo.in) for a GW-BSE calculation and will immediately open the following input file in vi editor. The only modification to the input will be the line marked in red. To include the quasi-particle correction, copy this line to your input and save your input file.

```
# **   **   **   ****   ****   *****   *****
# //**  **   ****   /**/**  **/**  /**//**  **//**/*
# //****  **//**  /**//**  **  /**  /*  **  //**
# //**  **  //**  **  //***  **  /*****  **  /**
# //**  *****/*  //**  //**  /**//**  **  /**
# //**  //**//**/*  /  /**  /*  /**//**  **  /**
# //**  /*  /**/*  /**  /*****  //*****  /**
# //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //
```

```

# GPL Version 4.2.1 Revision 110. (Based on r.14778 h.7b4dc3
#
# MPI Build
# http://www.yambo-code.org
optics          # [R OPT] Optics
em1s           # [R Xs] Static Inverse Dielectric Matrix
bss            # [R BSS] Bethe Salpeter Equation solver
bse            # [R BSE] Bethe Salpeter Equation.
bsk            # [R BSK] Bethe Salpeter Equation kernel
em1d           # [R Xd] Dynamical Inverse Dielectric Matrix
ppa             # [R Xp] Plasmon Pole Approximation
Chimod= "hartree"      # [X] IP/Hartree/ALDA/LRC/BSfxc
BSEmod= "retarded"     # [BSE] resonant/retarded/coupling
BSKmod= "SEX"          # [BSE] IP/Hartree/HF/ALDA/SEX
BSSmod= "h"    # [BSS] (h)aydock/(d)iagonalization/(i)nversion/(t)ddft` 
BSENGexx= 4985        RL # [BSK] Exchange components
BSENGBlk= 1005         RL # [BSK] Screened interaction block size
#WehCpl          # [BSK] eh interaction included also in coupling
KfnQPdb= "E < SAVE/ndb.QP" # [EXTQP BSK BSS] Database
% BEnRange
  0.00000 | 10.00000 | eV      # [BSS] Energy range
%
% BDmRange
  0.10000 | 0.10000 | eV      # [BSS] Damping range
%
BEnSteps= 100          # [BSS] Energy steps
% BLongDir
  1.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |      # [BSS] [cc] Electric Field
%
% BSEBands
  1 | 50 |                  # [BSK] Bands range
%
BSHayTrs= -0.02000     # [BSS] Relative [o/o] Haydock treshold.
% BndsRnXs
  1 | 50 |                  # [Xs] Polarization function bands
%
NGsBlkXs= 1            RL      # [Xs] Response block size
% DmRngeXs
  0.10000 | 0.10000 | eV      # [Xs] Damping range
%
% LongDrXs
  1.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |      # [Xs] [cc] Electric Field
%
% BndsRnXp
  1 | 50 |                  # [Xp] Polarization function bands
%
NGsBlkXp= 1005         RL      # [Xp] Response block size
% LongDrXp
  0.1000E-4 | 0.000 | 0.000 |      # [Xp] [cc] Electric Field

```

```
%  
PPAPntXp= 27.21138      eV      # [Xp] PPA imaginary energy
```

The following is a sample job submission file for the GW-BSE calculation. This will submit your job to the parallel queue by the qsub/sbatch command (this is a long job compared to Quantum Espresso calculations and it will take a while to finish)

```
#!/bin/bash -l  
#SBATCH --job-name=job-gw  
#SBATCH --time=24:00:00  
#SBATCH --partition=parallel  
#SBATCH --nodes=4  
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=24  
mpirun -np 96 yambo -F yambo.in > yambo.out
```

After you finish the GW-BSE calculation with the above job script, the system will generate the output file, “o.eps_q1_haydock_bse”. See below for a sample output file. You can extract the data points for the GW-BSE spectrum from this output.

```
# **   **   **   ****   ****   *****   *****  
# //**  **   ****   /**/**  **/** /****/*  **//****/*  
# //****  **//**  /**/** **  /** /*  /** **  //**  
# //**  **  //** /** //***  /** /*****  /**  /**  
# /**  *****/*/**  //*  /** /**** */**/*  /**  
# /**  /**//****/*/**  /  /** /*  /**//**  **  
# /**  /**  /**/**  /** /*****  //*****  
# //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  //  
#  
# GPL Version 4.2.1 Revision 110. (Based on r.14778 h.7b4dc3  
#           MPI Build  
#           http://www.yambo-code.org  
#  
# Absorption @ Q(1) [q->0 direction] :0.1000E-4  0.000      0.000  
#  
#  
# - Energies      are E < SAVE/ndb.QP + E Fit  
# - Wavefunctions are Perdew, Burke & Ernzerhof(X)+Perdew, Burke & Ernz  
erhof(C)  
#  
# - The Green`s function is Retarded -  
# - Using the Length Gauge -  
# - [r,Vnl] *is* included -  
#  
#  BSK|Identifier          :8262  
#      |Dimension            :24379  
#      |Bands                :1 - 26
```

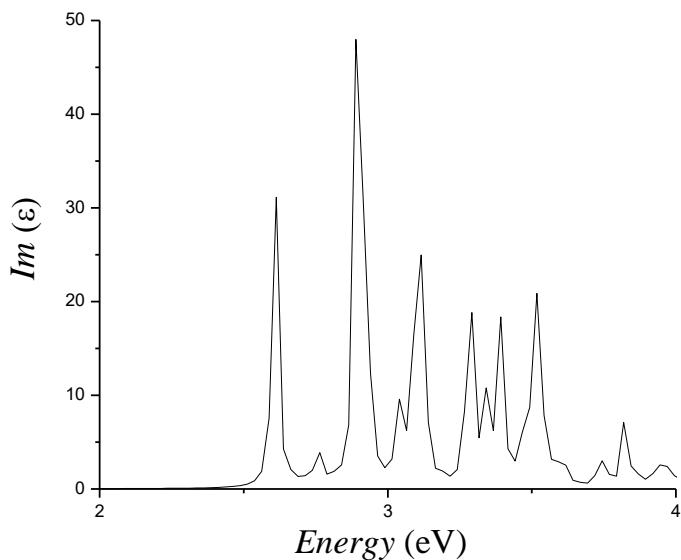
```

#      | Exchange          [res]: yes
#      | Correlation       [res]: yes
#      | Kernel's coupling : no
#      | Exchange          [cpl]: no
#      | Correlation       [cpl]: no
#      | W interaction is bare : no
#      | ALDA kernel in R-space : no
#      | RL vectors        [exchange]:4627
#      | RL vectors        [correlation]:1005
#      | E/h energy range  [ev]:-1.000000 - -1.000000
#      | Coupling range    [o/o]: 100.0000 - 100.0000
# W   | Interaction is diagonal : no
#      | Matrix size       :1005
#      | Bands             :1 - 26
#      | e/h energy range  [ev]:-1.000000 - -1.000000
#      | Poles              [o/o]: 100.0000
#      | RL vectors in the sum :4459
#      | [r,Vnl] included   : yes
#      | Field direction    :0.1000E-4 0.000000 0.000000
#      | Coulomb Cutoff     :none
#      | xc-Kernel          :none
# RIM | RL components     [col]:0
#      | Random points      [col]:0
#
# Haydock|Accuracy (requested) [o/o]: -0.02000
#           |Accuracy (reached)  [o/o]:  0.01943
#           |Iteration            :974
#
#      E/ev[1]      EPS-Im[2]      EPS-Re[3]      EPSo-Im[4]      EPSo-Re[5]      E
PS`-Im[6]      EPS`-Re[7]
#
  0.000000      0.000000      4.900739      0.000000      4.286737      0.
000000      4.900739
  0.2513E-1      0.1398E-3      4.901      0.7966E-4      4.287      0.1
398E-3      4.901
  0.5025E-1      0.2798E-3      4.901      0.1594E-3      4.287      0.2
798E-3      4.901
  0.7538E-1      0.4199E-3      4.902      0.2391E-3      4.288      0.4
199E-3      4.902
  0.1005      0.5603E-3      4.904      0.3190E-3      4.288      0.5
603E-3      4.904
  0.1256      0.7012E-3      4.905      0.3991E-3      4.289      0.7
012E-3      4.905
  0.1508      0.8426E-3      4.907      0.4794E-3      4.290      0.8
426E-3      4.907
  0.1759      0.9846E-3      4.909      0.5599E-3      4.292      0.9
846E-3      4.909

```

0.2010	0.1127E-2	4.912	0.6407E-3	4.293	0.1
127E-2	4.912				
0.2261	0.1271E-2	4.915	0.7218E-3	4.295	0.1
271E-2	4.915				
0.2513	0.1415E-2	4.918	0.8034E-3	4.297	0.1
415E-2	4.918				
0.2764	0.1561E-2	4.922	0.8853E-3	4.299	0.1
561E-2	4.922				
0.3015	0.1708E-2	4.926	0.9677E-3	4.301	0.1
708E-2	4.926				
0.3266	0.1856E-2	4.931	0.1051E-2	4.304	0.1
856E-2	4.931				
0.3518	0.2006E-2	4.936	0.1134E-2	4.307	0.2
006E-2	4.936				
--More--	(16%)				

Now you can plot “EPS-Im[2] vs E/ev[1]” using any preferred graphing tool such as excel, origin, etc..., to generate the spectrum as follows,



Absorption spectra for 2D MoS₂, obtained with GW-BSE

If you are interested in further details on the convergence parameters for MoS₂ for publication quality work, please refer to: Molina-Sánchez *et al*, Phys. Rev. **B** **88**, 045412 (2013), <https://arxiv.org/abs/1306.4257>.